

LAMPIRAN A PERHITUNGAN

A. Perhitungan Daya Dibangkitkan Generator

a. Perhitungan Potensi Daya Terbangkitkan

Berdasarkan persamaan 2.5 dapat dihitung potensi daya maksimum PLTM atau daya hidrolik, dengan densitas massa jenis air sekitar $1,030 \text{ kg/m}^3$ dan gaya gravitasi bumi $g = 9,81 \text{ m/s}^2$, debit air $Q = 3,3819 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$, tinggi jatuh air $H = 8,2$ meter maka :

$$\begin{aligned} P &= g \times \rho \times Q \times H \\ &= 9,81 \times 1,030 \times 3,3819 \times 8,2 \\ &= 280,133 \text{ Watt} \end{aligned}$$

Jadi, daya maksimum yang dapat dibangkitkan dari nilai potensi daya tanpa memperhitungkan nilai efisiensi turbin dan generator adalah sebesar $P = 280,133 \text{ Watt}$.

b. Efisiensi Turbin

Sedangkan apabila nilai daya maksimum untuk efisiensi turbin jika diperhitungkan adalah sebagai berikut ini.

$$\begin{aligned} P_T &= g \times \rho \times Q \times H \times \eta_t \\ &= 9,81 \times 1,030 \times 3,3819 \times 8,2 \times 0,8 \\ P_T &= 253,139 \text{ Watt} \end{aligned}$$

Jadi, total daya yang dapat dibangkitkan oleh generator PLTM setelah memperhitungkan efisiensi turbin adalah $P_T = 253,139 \text{ Watt}$.

c. Efisiensi Generator

Kemudian untuk daya maksimum jika efisiensi generator sinkron diperhitungkan

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{Max}} &= g \times \rho \times Q \times H \times \eta_t \times \eta_g \\ &= 9,81 \times 1,030 \times 3,3819 \times 8,2 \times 0,8 \times 0,9 \\ P_{\text{Max}} &= 227.825 \text{ Watt} \end{aligned}$$

Maka dapat diketahui daya maksimum yang dapat dibangkitkan oleh generator setelah nilai efisiensi turbin dan generator diperhitungkan adalah sebesar $P_{Max} = 227,825 \text{ Watt}$.

B. Perhitungan Kapasitas *Ballast Load*.

$$\begin{aligned} P_{ballast} &= 30\% \times \text{potensi daya terbangkit} \\ &= 30\% \times 200 \text{ kW} \\ &= 60 \text{ kW} \end{aligned}$$

C. Besar arus pada *ballast load* 30%

$$I_{ballast} = \frac{P_{ballast}}{\sqrt{3} \times V_{LL}} = \frac{9000}{\sqrt{3} \times 380} = 266,56 \text{ A}$$

D. Besarnya komponen resistif yang dipasang

$$R_{ballast} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{ballast}} = \frac{9000}{380} = 23,69 \text{ Ohm/phase}$$

E. Perhitungan Variasi Pembebanan

Kapasitas daya generator 325 kVA

Daya Aktual 250 kVA.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a. } S_{\text{beban } 10\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 160,000 \text{ VA} \times 10\% \\ &= 25,000 \text{ VA} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{beban } 10\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 25,000 \times 0,8 \\ &= 20,000 \text{ W} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{\text{beban } 10\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 25,000 \times \text{Sin } 0,6 \\ &= 15,000 \text{ VAR} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b. } S_{\text{beban } 20\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 20\% \\ &= 50,000 \text{ VA} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{beban } 20\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 50,000 \times 0,8 \\ &= 40,000 \text{ W} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{\text{beban } 20\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 50,000 \times \text{Sin } 0,6 \\ &= 30,000 \text{ VAR} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c. } S_{\text{beban } 30\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 30\% \\ &= 75,000 \text{ VA} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{beban } 30\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 75,000 \times 0,8 \\ &= 80,000 \text{ W} \end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{\text{beban } 30\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 75,000 \times \sin 0,6$$

$$= 45,000 \text{ VAR}$$

d. $S_{\text{beban } 40\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 40\%$

$$= 100,000 \text{ VA}$$

$$P_{\text{beban } 40\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 100,000 \times 0,8$$

$$= 80,000 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{\text{beban } 40\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 100,000 \times \sin 0,6$$

$$= 60,000 \text{ VAR}$$

e. $S_{\text{beban } 50\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 50\%$

$$= 125,000 \text{ VA}$$

$$P_{\text{beban } 50\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 125,000 \times 0,8$$

$$= 100,000 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{\text{beban } 50\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 125,000 \times \sin 0,6$$

$$= 74,000 \text{ VAR}$$

f. $S_{\text{beban } 60\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 60\%$

$$= 150,000 \text{ VA}$$

$$P_{\text{beban } 60\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 150,000 \times 0,8$$

$$= 120,000 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{\text{beban } 60\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 150,000 \times \sin 0,6$$

$$= 90,000 \text{ VAR}$$

g. $S_{\text{beban } 70\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 70\%$

$$= 175,000 \text{ VA}$$

$$P_{\text{beban } 70\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 175,000 \times 0,8$$

$$= 140,000 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{\text{beban } 70\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 175,000 \times \sin 0,6$$

$$= 105,000 \text{ VAR}$$

h. $S_{\text{beban } 80\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 80\%$

$$= 200,000 \text{ VA}$$

$$P_{\text{beban } 80\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 200,000 \times 0,8$$

$$= 160,000 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{\text{beban } 80\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 200,000 \times \sin 0,6$$

$$= 120,000 \text{ VAR}$$

i. $S_{\text{beban } 90\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 250,000 \text{ VA} \times 90\%$

$$= 225,000 \text{ VA}$$

$$P_{\text{beban } 90\% \text{ pf } 0,8} = 225,000 \times 0,8$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 180,000 \text{ W} \\
Q_{\text{beban } 90\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 225,000 \times \sin 0,6 \\
&= 135,000 \text{ VAR} \\
\text{j. } S_{\text{beban } 100\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 250.000 \text{ VA} \times 100\% \\
&= 250,000 \text{ VA} \\
P_{\text{beban } 100\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 250,000 \times 0,8 \\
&= 200,000 \text{ W} \\
Q_{\text{beban } 100\% \text{ pf } 0,8} &= 250,000 \times \sin 0,6 \\
&= 150,000 \text{ VAR}
\end{aligned}$$

F. Perhitungan Irms THD = TDD

$$\begin{aligned}
THD &= \frac{\sqrt{(38.333)^2 + (3.777)^2 + (3.466)^2 + (2.460)^2 + (2.183)^2 + (2.010)^2 + (1.663)^2 + (1.455)^2 + (1.351)^2}}{346.6} \cdot 100 \\
& \quad x = 11,238 \% \\
THD &= \frac{\sqrt{(29.048)^2 + (4.650)^2 + (1.508)^2 + (2.522)^2 + (1.997)^2 + (1.646)^2 + (0.770)^2 + (0.350)^2 + (1.051)^2}}{331.6} \cdot 100 \\
& \quad x = 8.95 \% \\
THD &= \frac{\sqrt{(27.987)^2 + (6.936)^2 + (3.382)^2 + (2.785)^2 + (2.155)^2 + (1.193)^2 + (1.685)^2 + (1.094)^2 + (1.193)^2}}{2a} \cdot 100 \\
& \quad x = 8.85 \%
\end{aligned}$$

G. Perhitungan PCC (Point Of Common Coupling)

$$\begin{aligned}
I_{SC} &= \frac{S}{\sqrt{3} \times V_{LL} \times Z} \times 100\% \\
I_{SC} &= \frac{350 \times 10^5}{\sqrt{3} \times 400 \times 3} = 16.840 \text{ A} \\
I_L &= \frac{S}{\sqrt{3} \times V_{rms}} \times 100\% \\
I_L &= \frac{350 \times 10^5}{\sqrt{3} \times 400} = 50518 \text{ A} \\
I_{sc/I_L} \text{ Standar} &= \frac{16.840}{5051} = 3,33 \text{ A} \\
I_{sc/I_L} \text{ TDD} &= \frac{16.840}{\left(\frac{348,6 + 448,7 + 424,6}{3}\right)} = 41,34 = 8\% \text{ TDD}
\end{aligned}$$

H. Perhitungan Arus Terdistorsi (ITRMS)

$$\Delta THDr = 346.6 \cdot \sqrt{1 + (0.11)^2} = 348,69 \text{ A}$$

$$\Delta THDs = 350.4 \cdot \sqrt{1 + (0.8)^2} = 448,73 \text{ A}$$

$$\Delta THDt = 331.6 \cdot \sqrt{1 + (0.8)^2} = 424,65 \text{ A}$$

I. Perhitungan Delta Daya

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 438.8 \cdot 63.37 \cdot 0.8 = 38530.17135$$

$$\Delta P = 40 - 38.53 = 1.47 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 429.55 \cdot 124 \cdot 0.8 = 73805.0405$$

$$\Delta P = 60 - 73.796 = -13.796 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 425.55 \cdot 153.6 \cdot 0.8 = 90539.75514$$

$$\Delta P = 80 - 90.53 = -10.53 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 422 \cdot 182.9 \cdot 0.8 = 106949.0105$$

$$\Delta P = 100 - 106.94 = -6.94 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 447.3 \cdot 249.5 \cdot 0.8 = 154639.3667$$

$$\Delta P = 120 - 154.63 = -34.63 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 436.3 \cdot 221.8 \cdot 0.8 = 134090.3021$$

$$\Delta P = 140 - 134.09 = 5.91 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 431.3 \cdot 249.3 \cdot 0.8 = 148988.3639$$

$$\Delta P = 160 - 148 = 12 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 404.2 \cdot 262.6 \cdot 0.8 = 147075.9442$$

$$\Delta P = 180 - 147 = 33 \text{ kW}$$

$$P = \sqrt{3} \cdot 403.5 \cdot 291.3 \cdot 0.8 = 162867.578$$

$$\Delta P = 180 - 162 = 17.14 \text{ kW}$$

J. Sudut Kemiringan *Penstock*.

$$\sin \alpha^\circ = \frac{\text{tinggi head}}{\text{panjang pipa pesat}} = \frac{8,2 \text{ meter}}{115 \text{ meter}} = 0,0714$$

$$\sin \alpha^\circ = 40,94^\circ$$

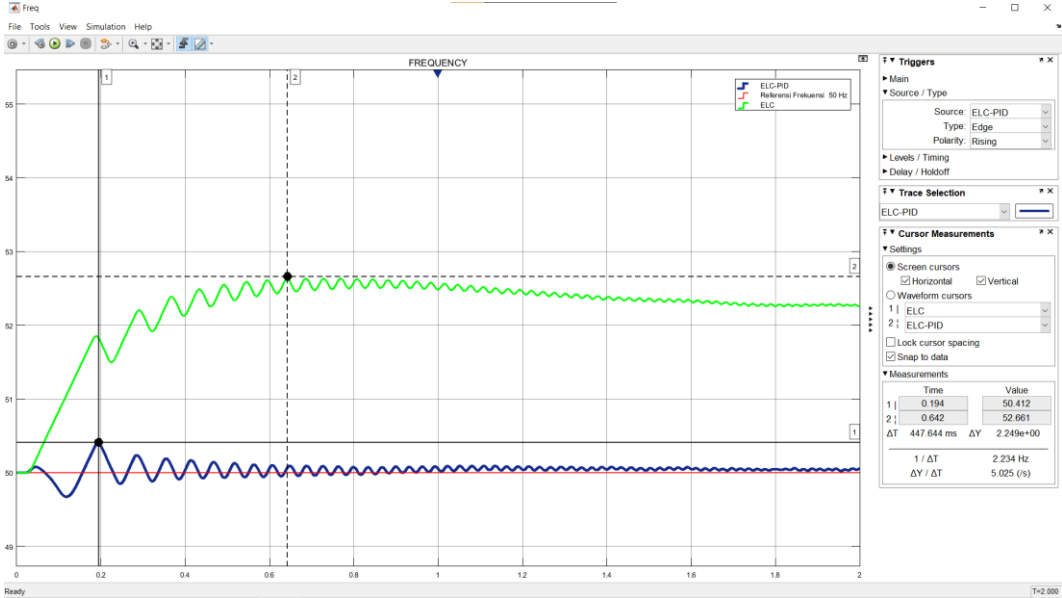
LAMPIRAN B PARAMETER KOMPONEN

Tabel Parameter Komponen Elektrikal pada PLTM

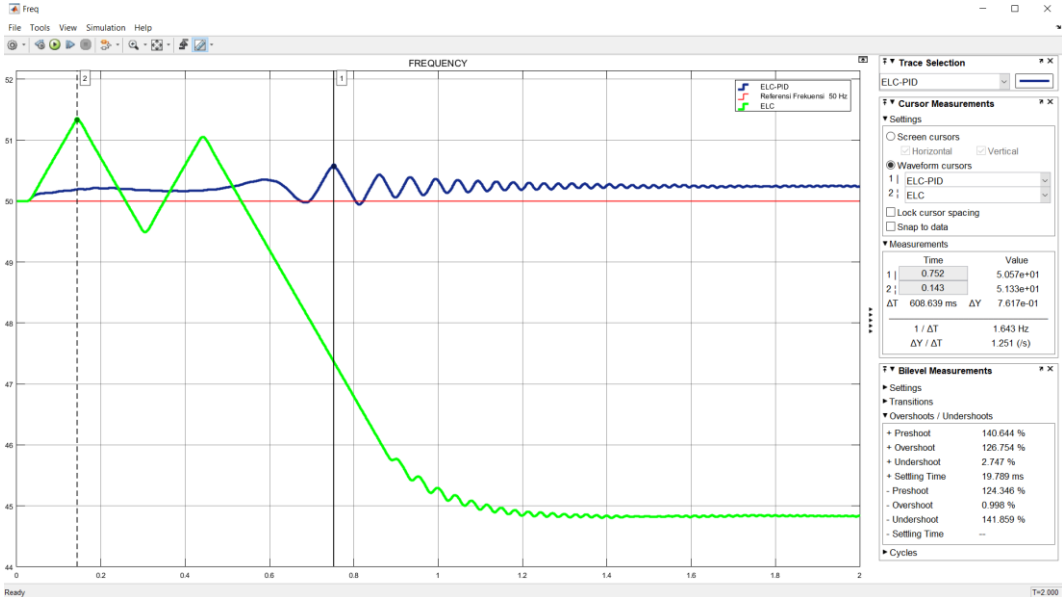
Komponen	Keterangan
KOMPONEN MEKANIKAL ELEKTRIKAL	
TURBIN	
Tipe	<i>Crossflow</i> T-15
Diameter <i>Runner</i>	500mm
<i>Head</i>	8,5 m
Debit air optimum	50 - 25,000 l/s
<i>Ouput</i> daya	5 - 300 kW
Putaran Turbin	750-2000 rpm
Transmission	Plat belt, gearbox or direct
Efisiensi	78 - 80%
GENERATOR	
Jenis	Generator Sinkron
<i>Rating Power</i>	250 kW/ 325 kVA
Frekuensi	50Hz
Fasa	3
Putaran Poros	2000 rpm
Jumlah Kutub	4
Tegangan	220/380 V
<i>Power Factor</i>	0,8
Efisiensi	95%
SISTEM TRANSMISI MEKANIK	
Tipe	Gearbox
SISTEM KONTROL	
Tipe	<i>Electronic Load Controller (ELC)</i>
<i>Rating Power</i>	250 kW
Frekuensi	50 Hz
Tegangan	380/600 V
BALLAST LOAD	
Tipe	<i>Air Heater</i>

LAMPIRAN C TUNING PID

1. Output Frekuensi 50 kW Overshoot

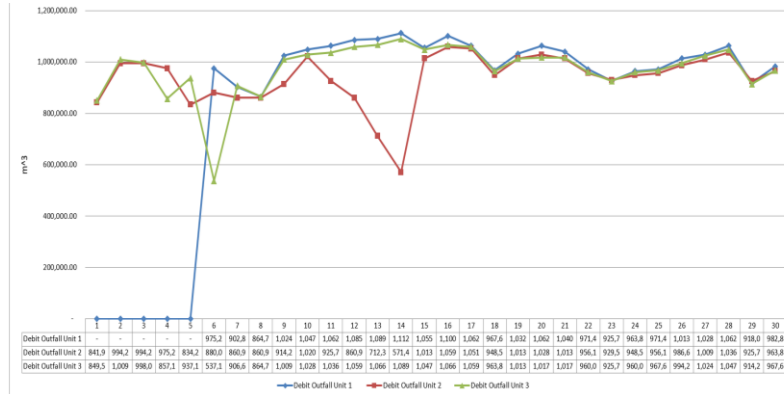


2. Output Frekuensi 200 kW Overshoot



LAMPIRAN D DATA DEBIT

1. (Flow Duration Curve) Outfall kondensor PLTU Lontar.

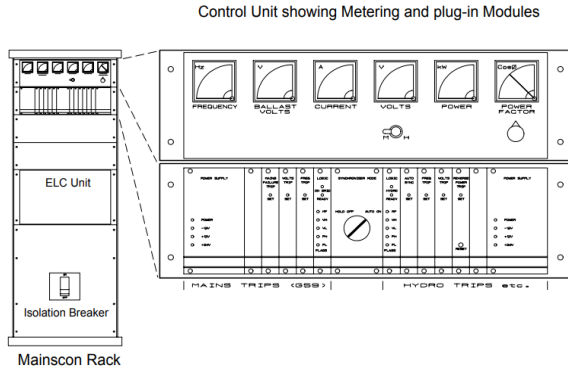


2. Data Debit Outfall Kondensor Unit 1- 3 Bulan November 2020

OUTFALL							
PT INDONESIA POWER							
PLTU BANTEN 3 LONTAR OMU							
INDONESIA POWER INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT SYSTEM							
FORM LIMBAH BAHANG UNIT 1- 3							
Tgl	Jam	Debit Outfall Unit 1		Debit Outfall Unit 2		Debit Outfall Unit 3	
		< 1192000	< 1192000	< 1192000	< 1192000	< 1192000	< 1192000
		m3/hari		m3/hari		m3/hari	
1	10.00	stop		841.904,762		849.523,81	
2	10.00	stop		994.285,714		1.009.523,81	
3	10.00	stop		994.285,714		998.095,238	
4	10.00	stop		975.238,095		857.142,857	
5	10.00	stop		834.285,714		937.142,857	
6	10.00	975.238,095		880.000		537.142,857	
7	10.00	902.857,143		860.952,381		906.666,667	
8	10.00	864.761,905		860.952,381		864.761,905	
9	10.00	1.024.761,905		914.285,714		1.009.523,81	
10	10.00	1.047.619,048		1.020.952,381		1.028.571,429	
11	10.00	1.062.857,143		925.714,286		1.036.190,476	
12	10.00	1.085.714,286		860.952,381		1.059.047,619	
13	10.00	1.089.523,81		712.380,952		1.066.666,667	
14	10.00	1.112.380,952		571.428,571		1.089.523,81	
15	10.00	1.055.238,095		1.013.333,333		1.047.619,048	
16	10.00	1.100.952,381		1.059.047,619		1.066.666,667	
17	10.00	1.062.857,143		1.051.428,571		1.059.047,619	
18	10.00	967.619,048		948.571,429		963.809,524	
19	10.00	1.032.380,952		1.013.333,333		1.013.333,333	
20	10.00	1.062.857,143		1.028.571,429		1.017.142,857	
21	10.00	1.040.000		1.013.333,333		1.017.142,857	
22	10.00	971.428,571		956.190,476		960.000	
23	10.00	925.714,286		929.523,81		925.714,286	
24	10.00	963.809,524		948.571,429		960.000	
25	10.00	971.428,571		956.190,476		967.619,048	
26	10.00	1.013.333,333		986.666,667		994.285,714	
27	10.00	1.028.571,429		1.009.523,81		1.024.761,905	
28	10.00	1.062.857,143		1.036.190,476		1.047.619,048	
29	10.00	918.095,238		925.714,286		914.285,714	
30	10.01	982.857,143		963.809,524		967.619,048	
Nilai Rata-Rata		1.013.028,571		935757,58		973206,35	
Nilai Tertinggi		1.112.380,952		1059047,62		1089523,81	
Nilai Terendah		864.761,905		571428,57		537142,86	

LAMPIRAN E KOMPONEN ELC

1. Model Mainscone



2. Spesifikasi ELC

ELECTRONIC LOAD CONTROLLER SIZING					
DESCRIPTIONS	SPECIFICATIONS				
	51-60 kW	61-70 kW	71-80 kW	81-90 kW	91-100 kW
METERING					
Pilot lamp - 3P	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ampermeter ballast load - 3P	CT 100/5 A	CT 150/5 A	CT 150/5 A	CT 200/5 A	CT 200/5 A
Ampermeter main load - 3P	CT 100/5 A	CT 150/5 A	CT 150/5 A	CT 200/5 A	CT 200/5 A
Voltmeter generator - 1P	0-300 V	0-300 V	0-300 V	0-300 V	0-300 V
Frequency meter generator - 1P	45-55 Hz	45-55 Hz	45-55 Hz	45-55 Hz	45-55 Hz
Hour Counter	6 digit	6 digit	6 digit	6 digit	6 digit
Digital multi meter CVM NRG (V, I, Hz, kW, kWh, PF, kVA, etc)	Included	Included	Included	Included	Included
PROTECTION					
MCCB main load	100A	125A	160A	200A	200A
Contactor main load	100A	125A	160A	200A	200A
Fuse/MCB protection	3x2A	3x2A	3x2A	3x2A	3x2A
Over/underfrequency relay	47.5/52.5 Hz	47.5/52.5 Hz	47.5/52.5 Hz	47.5/52.5 Hz	47.5/52.5 Hz
Cooling fan	12 cm fan	12 cm fan	12 cm fan	12 cm fan	12 cm fan
Lightning arrester	3P+N	3P+N	3P+N	3P+N	3P+N
Grounding	PEN	PEN	PEN	PEN	PEN
CABLES & DIMENSION					
Main load cable size	25 mm ²	35 mm ²	35 mm ²	50 mm ²	50 mm ²
Ballast load cable size - x2	10 mm ²	16 mm ²	16 mm ²	25 mm ²	25 mm ²
THYRISTOR Size	6xSKKT57	6xSKKT92	6xSKKT92	6xSKKT132	6xSKKT132
Cubicle dimension (cm)	60x80x30	60x80x30	60x80x30	80x120x40	80x120x40
Generator cables size - 4 pcs	4x35	4x35	4x50	4x50	4x50
Approximate Weight	±45 kg	±53 kg	±58 kg	±80 kg	±80 kg
BALLAST LOAD					
Rated Voltage	220 or 230	220 or 230	220 or 230	220 or 230	220 or 230
Ballast amount (pcs)	6	6	6	6	6
Ballast capacity per element	12 - 14 kW	14 - 16 kW	16 - 18 kW	18 - 20 kW	19 - 21 kW
Ballast cables size - 7 pcs	4x10 mm ²	4x16 mm ²	4x16 mm ²	4x25 mm ²	4x25 mm ²
Approximate Weight	±40 kg	±47kg	±54 kg	±68 kg	±73 kg

❖ Spesifikasi tidak mengikat dan dapat berubah sewaktu-waktu

KOMPONEN F REFERENSI AKTUAL

1. Trafo Referensi THD



2. Generator Aktual



GSV – generators with salient poles

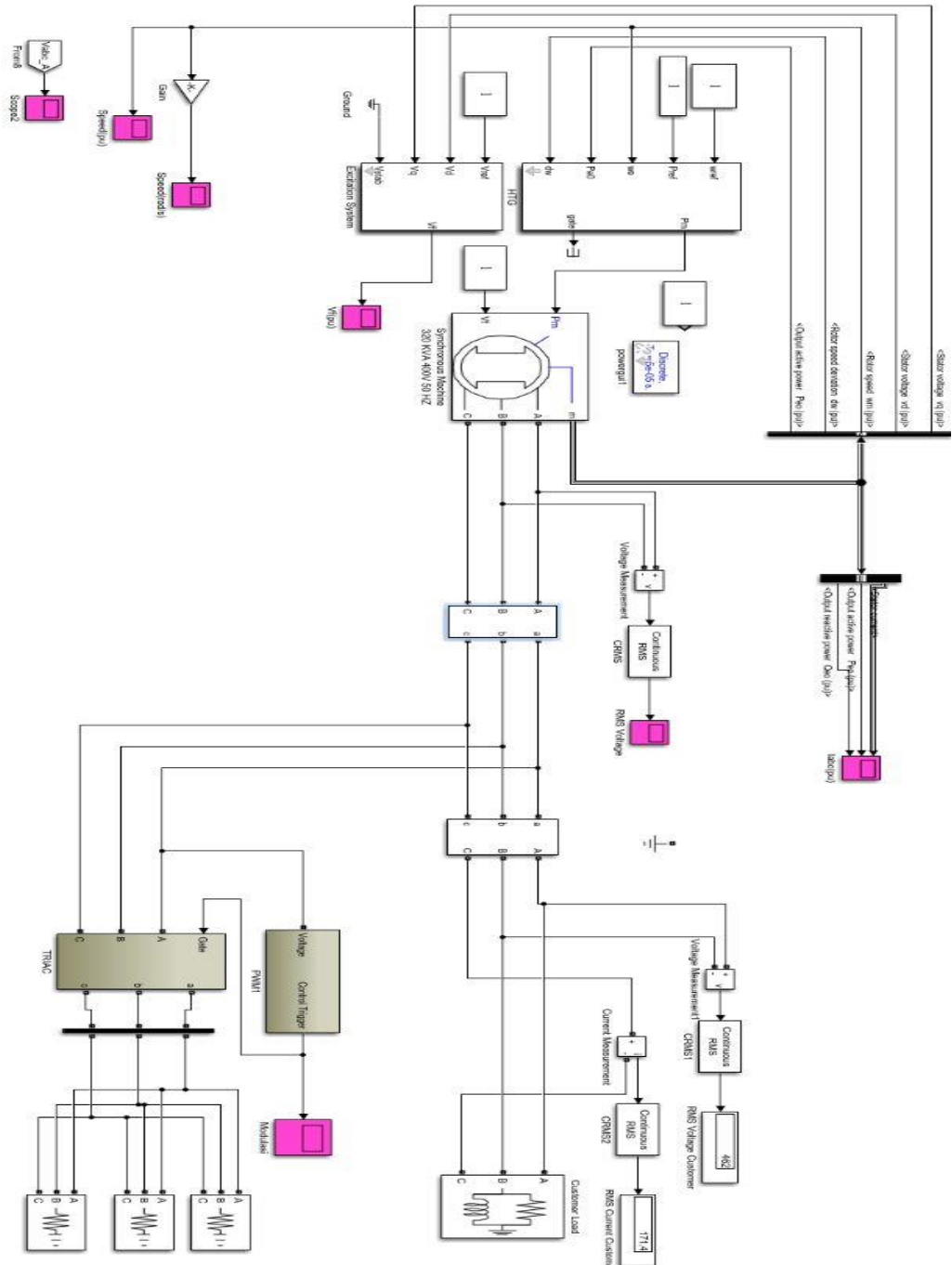
Output:	100 – 30,000 kVA
Voltage:	400 – 13,800 V
Speed:	250 – 1,500 rpm
Protection:	IP 23 - IP 56
Form:	horizontal/vertical

3. Lokasi Perencanaan PLTM pada PLTU Banten 3 Lontar

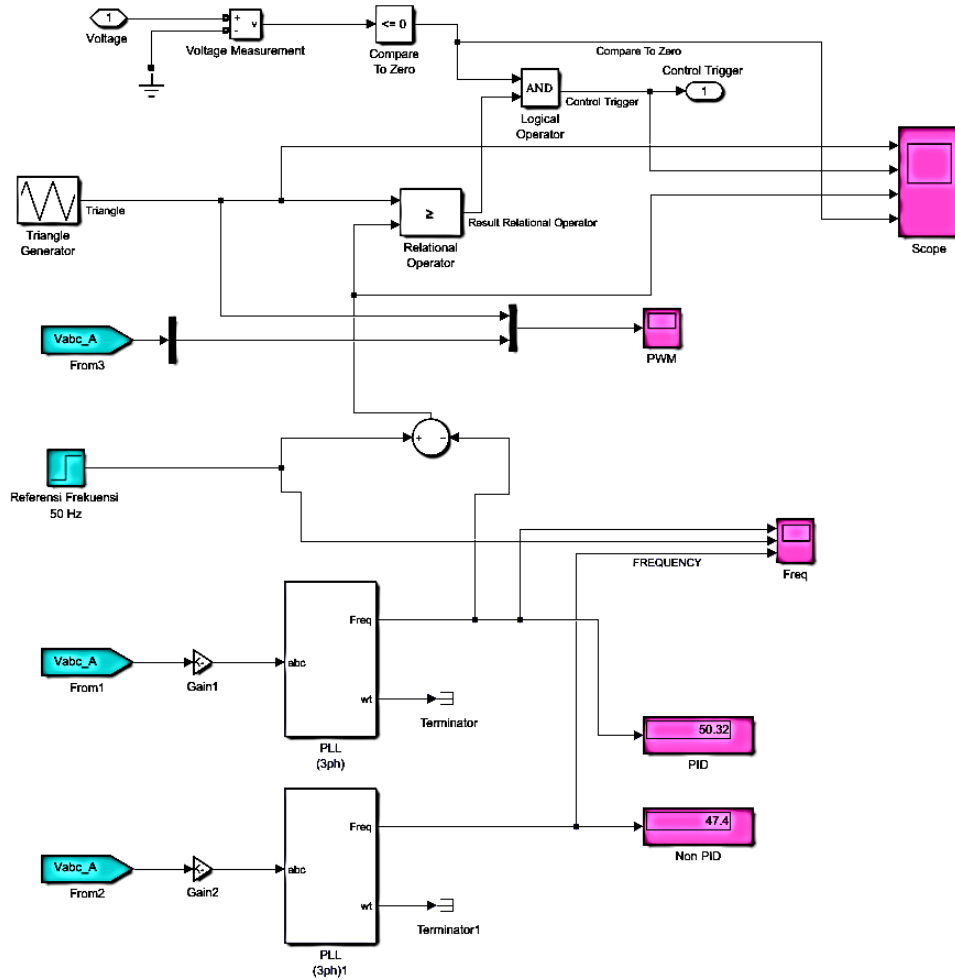


LAMPIRAN G GAMBAR PENGUJIAN

1. Pengujian PLTM dengan Variasi Pembebanan



2. Pemodelan *Switching* PWM pada Simulasi Generator Sinkron



LAMPIRAN H DATA HASIL PENGUJIAN

1. Hasil Pengujian Beban Tanpa Beban Komplemen

Beban (%)	Frekuensi (Hz)	Arus (A)	Tegangan (V)	Daya Beban Komplemen	Cos Phi	P _{beban} (kW)	ΔP (kW)
10	58,19	38,12	422,4	0	0,8	20	2,78
20	51,21	63,37	438,8	0	0,8	40	1,47
30	51,98	124	429,5	0	0,8	60	13,79
40	52,44	153,6	425,4	0	0,8	80	10,53
50	52,82	182,9	422	0	0,8	100	6,94
60	49,07	249,5	447,3	0	0,8	120	34,63
70	48,70	221,8	436,3	0	0,8	140	5,91
80	49	249,3	431,3	0	0,8	160	11,02
90	48,99	262,6	404,2	0	0,8	180	32,93
100	47,69	291,3	403,5	0	0,8	200	17,14

2. Hasil Pengujian Beban Tanpa Rangkaian Kendali

Beban (%)	Frekuensi (Hz)	Tegangan (V)	Cos Phi	Daya Beban Utama (kW)	Daya Beban Komplemen (kW)
10	55,23	599	0,8	20	-
20	53,96	561	0,8	40	-
30	53,6	597	0,8	60	-
40	54,12	472	0,8	80	-
50	54,74	455	0,8	100	-
60	52,82	442	0,8	120	-
70	51,9	413	0,8	140	50,9
80	50,9	391	0,8	160	42,06
90	46,88	399	0,8	180	35,88
100	46,08	384	0,8	200	29,97

3. Hasil Pembebanan Generator Menggunakan Kendali PID

Beban (%)	Frekuensi (Hz)	Arus (A)	Tegangan (V)	Cos phi	P _{beban} (kW)
10	50,03	46,92	570	0,8	20
20	50,03	85,42	51	0,8	40
30	50,02	118,1	522	0,8	60
40	50,04	146,4	491	0,8	80
50	50,05	171,4	462	0,8	100
60	50,00	194,3	436	0,8	120
70	50,09	213,9	413	0,8	140
80	50,02	229,5	391	0,8	160
90	50,03	244,5	368	0,8	180

100	49,82	253,3	352	0.8	200
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4. Hasil Perbandingan Pengukuran dan Perhitungan Arus Harmonisa pada Kondisi Peak load

h	I _R	I _S	I _T	I _R	I _S	I _T	I _{HDi}
	(%)			(%)			
1	100	100	100	346,6	331,6	350,4	-
3	11,06	8,44	8,29	38,333	27,987	29,048	Tidak Standar
5	1,09	2,10	1,36	37,777	6,963	4,765	Tidak Standar
7	1,00	1,02	0,43	3,466	3,382	4,506	Tidak Standar
9	0,71	0,84	0,72	2,460	2,785	2,522	Sesuai Standar
11	0,63	0,65	0,57	2,183	2,155	1,997	Sesuai Standar
13	0,58	0,36	0,47	2,010	1,193	1,646	Sesuai Standar
15	0,48	0,50	0,22	1,663	1,658	0,770	Sesuai Standar
17	0,42	0,33	0,10	1,455	1,094	0,350	Sesuai Standar
19	0,39	0,36	0,30	1,351	1,193	1,051	Sesuai Standar

5. Perbandingan Hasil Simulasi THDv dengan Standarisasi

Load (kW)	Standar IEEE 519-2014 THD (%)	Hasil Simulasi THD (%)	Hasil TDD Tegangan (%)	Keterangan
20	5	57,94	57,94	Perlu kompensasi
40	5	38,79	38,79	Perlu kompensasi
60	5	34,04	34,04	Perlu kompensasi
80	5	35,75	35,75	Perlu kompensasi
100	5	33,20	33,20	Perlu kompensasi
120	5	25,01	25,01	Perlu kompensasi
140	5	16,33	16,33	Perlu kompensasi
160	5	5,46	5,46	Perlu kompensasi
180	5	3,16	3,16	Sesuai Standar
200	5	2,54	2,54	Sesuai Standar

6. Tabel Hasil Perencanaan Bangunan PLTM *Outfall* Kondensor

Komponen Penunjang	
Bangunan	Keterangan
Tinggi Kotor <i>Head</i>	10 m
Tinggi Bersih <i>Head</i>	8,2 m
<i>Reality Flow</i>	3,38 m ³ /detik
Daya Listrik	227 kW
Tipe <i>Intake</i>	<i>Off-take</i> dari saluran <i>output</i> kondensor
Bak Pengendap	Satu bak pengendap lebar 3 m panjang 20 m dilengkapi dengan dinding pelimpah
<i>Headrace</i>	Saluran terbuka dari pasangan batu sepanjang 150 m dan saluran tertanam (pipa) sepanjang 70 m
<i>Spillway</i>	Terpadu dengan bak pengendap dan saringan tyrolean
<i>Pipa Pesat</i>	Pipa dari pelat diameter: 380 mm, panjang 45 m

LAMPIRAN I RANCANG BANGUN SIPIL DENGAN SOFTWARE AUTOCAD

